Onset of the Evershed flow during the formation of a sunspot penumbra

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IBIS and SDO/HMI data sets

IBIS DATA SET

- on 2012 May 28, from 13:39 UT to 14:38 UT (30 scans)

- on 2012 May 29, from 13:58 UT to 16:57 UT (30 scans)

The scans with 67 s cadence contain:

- Fe l 617.3 nm

sampled with 24 λ in spectropolarimetric mode

six modulation states (I + S with S = [+Q,+V,-Q,-V,-U,+U])

- Fe I 630.25 nm

sampled with 30 λ in spectropolarimetric mode six modulation states (I + S with S = [+Q,+V,-Q,-V,-U,+U])

- Ca II 854.2 nm

sampled with 25 λ without polarimetric measurements

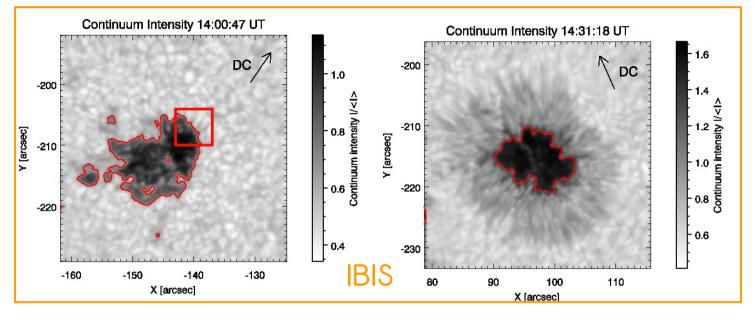
- Simultaneous broad band images (633.32 ± 5 nm)

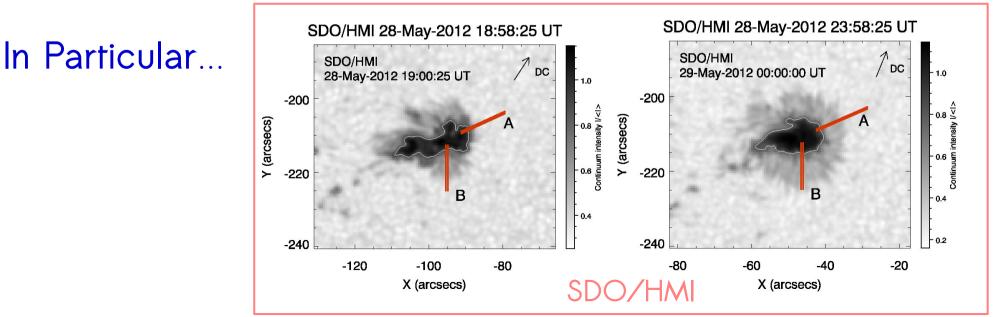
- **G-band** filtergrams (430.5 \pm 0.5 nm)

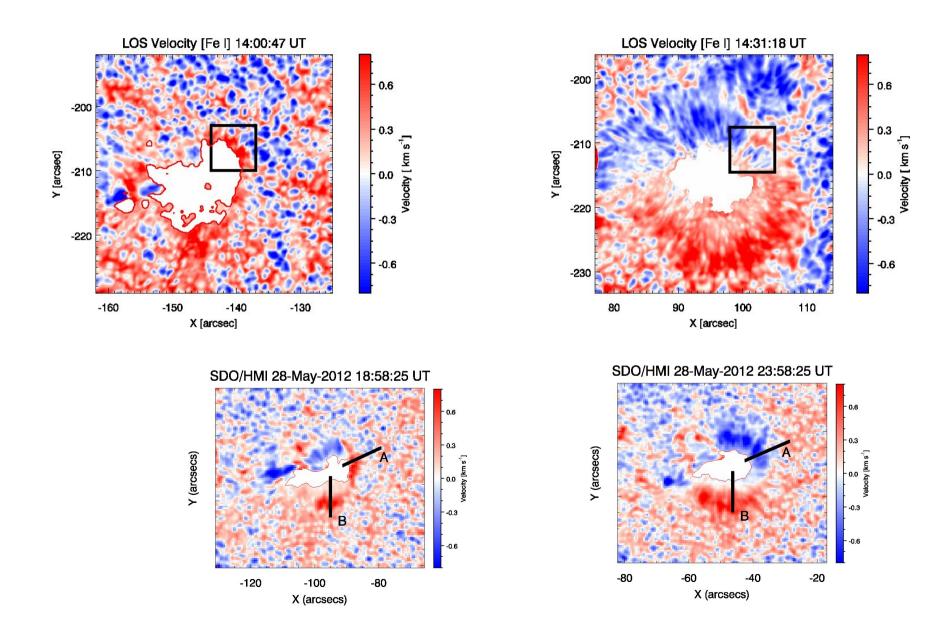
SDO/HMI SHARPs DATA SET

-Continuum filtergrams and Dopplergrams in the Fe I 617.3 nm line from May 28 at 14:58 UT to May 29 at 14:58 UT with 12 minutes of cadence and a resolution of 1" -The components Br, B ϕ , B θ of the vector magnetic field B.

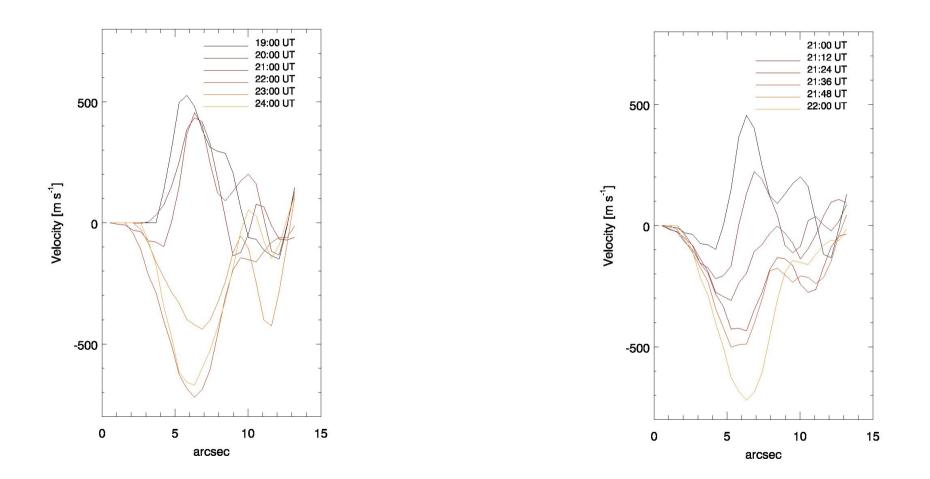
Formation of the penumbra







Fundamental Result: Redshift →Blueshift



Conclusions

- Flow of opposity sign respect to that the classic Evershed flow
- The transition to classic Evershed flow occurs in about 1 hr
- → The proposed scenario includes the presence of small U-loop whose inner footpoint has the magnetic polarity opposite to that of the pore. This footpoint is also the outher footpoint of an inverted U-loop connecting it to the pore → Counter Evershed Flow. With time more and more flux is dragged down, increasing the flux in the external footpoint of the inverted U-loop → magneto-convection starts and also the Evershed flow is set up as part of the magnetoconvective process.

